Reactivity of Amidinato Disilylenes towards Small Molecules and Dinitrogen Model Compounds

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Low-valent silicon(II) compounds known as silylenes, the heavier analogue to carbenes, are indispensable functional groups in organosilicon chemistry. The presence of a lone pair of electrons residing at silicon makes silylenes powerful σ -donors. They can directly activate small molecules and form catalytically active transition metal complexes Our group has shown that chelating bis-silylenes, two silylenes connected by an organic linker, extend the reactivity scope of silylenes in small molecule activation and grants access to zero-valent mono- and diatomic entities due to the potential cooperativity of the two Si(II) atoms. Recent developments show the value of using dinitrogen model compounds such as diazobenzene to understand the N=N bond cleavage and eventually how to activate dinitrogen.

The reactivity of disilylenes, silylenes connected by a Si–Si bond, with amidinato ligands first prepared by Sen et al. [6] and extended by Jones et al., [7,8] is far less explored. Its reactivity towards CO, CO₂, N₂O and acetylenes was studied. [7,9]

With the aim to extend the reactivity scope of disilylenes, the amidinato disilylene 1 substituted with aromatic groups was synthesized. 1 was then reacted with various dinitrogen model compounds and small molecules, e.g. NHC-Sil₂, Cul, cis-/trans-diazobenzene, diphenylmethylene azide and trimethylsilyl azide. The respective results will be presented.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{dipp} \\ \text{Ar} \quad N \\ \text{dipp} \\ \text{Ar} \quad N \\ \text{dipp} \\ \text{CI} \\ \text{-78 °C} \rightarrow \text{r.t.} \end{array}$$

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